



Formula: C₁₅H₂₀O₃

MW: 248.32

CAS: 20554-84-1

TNP NUMBER: TNP00292

MDL NUMBER: MFCD06668140

IUPAC: (1S,11S)-4,8-dimethyl-12-methylene-3,14-dioxatricyclo[9.3.0.0]tetradec-7-en-13-one

Smiles: O=C1C2[C@H]3OC(=O)C([C@@H]3CCC(=CCCC12C)C)=C

isolation from chrisanthemum parthenium

REFERENCE: Kwok, B.H., et al., The anti-inflammatory natural product parthenolide from the medicinal herb Feverfew directly binds to and inhibits I β B kinase. *Chem. Biol.* 8, 759-766, (2001) Pozarowski, P., et al., NF- κ B inhibitor sesquiterpene parthenolide induces concurrently atypical apoptosis and cell necrosis: difficulties in identification of dead cells in such cultures. *Cytometry* 54A, 118-124, (2003) Garcia-Pineres, A.J., et al., Cysteine 38 in p65/NF- κ B plays a crucial role in DNA binding inhibition by sesquiterpene lactones. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276, 39713-39720, (2001) Wen, J., et al., Oxidative stress-mediated apoptosis. The anticancer effect of the sesquiterpene lactone parthenolide. *J. Biol. Chem.* 277, 38954-38964, (2002) Merck Merck 13,7120 Beilstein Beil. 19,IV,1731 reference RegBook 1 (1), 809:E / Structure Index 1, 126:A:8

SOURCE: isolation from chrisanthemum parthenium

ACCEPTORS: 3

DONORS: 0

ROTATION BONDS: 0

N+O: 3

Chiral Centers: 4

LogP: 4.54

LogS: -4.5

LIPINSKI: 4

Monograph Number: 0007120

Title: Parthenolide

CAS Registry Number: 20554-84-1

CAS Name:

(1aR,4E,7aS,10aS,10bS)-2,3,6,7,7a,8,10a,10b-Octahydro-1a,5-dimethyl-8-methyleneoxireno[9,10]cyclodeca[1,2-b]furan-9(1aH)-one

Additional Names: 4,5a-epoxy-6b-hydroxy-germacra-1(10),11(13)-dien-12-oic acid g-lactone

Molecular Formula: C₁₅H₂₀O₃

Molecular Weight: 248.32.

Percent Composition: C 72.55%, H 8.12%, O 19.33%

Literature References: Sesquiterpene lactone found in feverfew, q.v., and in other plants. Isolation from *Chrysanthemum parthenium* (L.) Bernh. *Compositae* and characterization: V. Herout et al., *Chem. Ind. (London)* 1959, 1069; M. Soucek et al., *Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun.* 26, 803 (1961); from *Magnolia grandiflora* L., *Magnoliaceae*: F. S. El-Feraly, Y.-M. Chan, *J. Pharm. Sci.* 67, 347 (1978). Revised structure and spectral analysis: T. R. Govindachari et al., *Tetrahedron* 21, 1509 (1965). Absolute configuration: A. S. Bawdekar et al., *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1966, 1225. Crystal structure: A. Quick, D. Rogers, *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2* 4, 465 (1976). HPLC determn: D. Strack et al., *Z. Naturforsch.* 35, 915 (1980). Cytotoxicity: K.-H. Lee et al., *Cancer Res.* 31, 1649 (1971); L. A. J. O'Neill et al., *Br. J. Clin. Pharmacol.* 23, 81 (1987).

Properties: Colorless plates, mp 115-116. [α]_D²⁰ -81.4 (c = 1.04 in chloroform); [α]_D²² -71.4 (c = 0.220 in CH₂Cl₂). uv max: 214 nm (log e 4.22).

Melting point: mp 115-116

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{D20} -81.4$ (c = 1.04 in chloroform); $[\alpha]_{D22} -71.4$ (c = 0.220 in CH₂Cl₂)

Absorption maximum: uv max: 214 nm (log e 4.22)

